



Note: This document has been translated from a part of the Japanese original. The translation of the explanatory materials will also be disclosed on March 5, 2025. These documents have been translated for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between these translated documents and their Japanese originals, the originals shall prevail.

February 14, 2025

Name of Company: ISEKI & CO., LTD.

Company Representative: President, Shiro Tomiyasu

Code number: 6310

Stock exchange listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market

Enquiries: Investor Relations Section

General Manager, Fumitoshi Suzuki

(Telephone: +81 3 5604 7709)

## **[Summary] Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price (Update)**

ISEKI & CO., LTD. (hereinafter the “Company”) hereby announces that we have analyzed and evaluated the current status of the “Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price,” details of which were released on February 14, 2024, and have updated the status of our initiatives as follows.

### **1. Current State Analysis**

The Company’s price book-value ratio (PBR) has continuously remained below 1, standing at 0.30 as of December 31, 2024. We have broken down the components of PBR into return on equity (ROE) and price earnings ratio (PER), and evaluated factors contributing to each of these through analyses using “comparisons over time with other companies in the same industry,” “opinions gathered from investors the Company is engaged with,” and other methods.

#### **(1) ROE**

Changes in ROE over time show it has not reached the target figure of 8%. Factors contributing to this underperformance have been identified as the low net profit margin and total asset turnover. We believe that product-specific profit margins and SG&A ratio are among factors affecting the net profit margin, and inventories, capacity utilization rates, and other metrics are among factors affecting total asset turnover. Additionally, we have found that institutional investors, with whom we are in regular contact, perceive our cost of equity to be approximately 8%.

In 2024, the net profit margin deteriorated due to extraordinary losses incurred as a result of the implementation of structural reform measures.

#### **(2) PER**

PER has not exceeded 10x since 2020. We attribute this to insufficient disclosure about our growth prospects, strengths, profitability, and other information as well as discrepancies between projections and actual performance.

(Change in the Company's metrics)

	2017/12	2018/12	2019/12	2020/12	2021/12	2022/12	2023/12	2024/12
PBR (x)	0.93	0.53	0.56	0.52	0.48	0.39	0.34	0.30
ROE (%)	4.2	1.6	1.1	(8.8)	5.1	6.2	0.0	(4.4)
PER (x)	22.9	32.6	52.2	-	9.8	6.4	841.5	-
Net profit margin (%)	1.8	0.7	0.5	(3.8)	2.0	2.5	0.0	(1.8)
Total asset turnover (times)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8

## 2. Striving to Improve PBR

Given the challenges identified in the current state analysis, we will steadily proceed to advance measures set forth in Project Z, which is also under way, in our aim to achieve a PBR of 1x or higher by 2027.

### Our vision (2027)

Consolidated operating margin

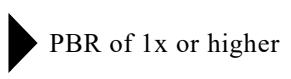
5% or higher

ROE

8% or higher

DOE

2% or higher



### Direction for improvement and the progress of initiatives

#### (1) Improve profitability

- Improve gross profit margin
  - Optimization of production and intensification of domestic sales, which are included in fundamental structural reform initiatives, have progressed as planned.
  - Optimization of development is experiencing some delays and will be addressed with additional resources. The effects are expected to be seen gradually from the second half of 2025.
  - Initiatives for growth strategy are progressing as planned both in Japan and overseas.
- Improve SG&A ratio
  - Some changes were made to the plan to optimize employee composition.
  - Some delays are seen in cost reduction.

#### (2) Enhance asset efficiency

- Improve fixed asset turnover
  - Curbed investment in reorganization of production sites (from 46.0 billion yen to 38.0 billion yen) and reviewed criteria for investment decisions based on the capital of cost.
- Improve inventory turnover
  - Turnover increased by 0.2 times in 2024 due to efforts to minimize stock of seasonal products and reduce inventory.

#### (3) Allocate cash for growth

- Operating cash flow returned to positive due to inventory reduction.

#### (4) Enhance IR activities & ESG initiatives

- Initiatives to expand and advance dialogue and information disclosure progressed as planned.
- Initiatives to strengthen governance structure progressed as planned.

### **3. Dialogue with Shareholders and Investors**

To achieve sustainable growth and enhance corporate value over the medium- and long-term, we believe that the understanding of our shareholders and investors is essential. We will thoroughly explain our management policies, engage in a constructive dialogue, and strive to build trusting relationships that endure over the long-term.

Officers in charge of business administration departments (Investor Relations Section, Corporate Planning Department, Financial Department, and General Affairs Department) oversee these dialogues and strive to actively engage with shareholders, investors, and other stakeholders during financial results briefing sessions and other opportunities.

# [Delayed] Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price (Update)



ISEKI & CO., LTD.

[Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market:6310]

February 14, 2025



- 1. Current State Analysis**
- 2. Striving to Improve PBR**
- 3. Dialogue with Shareholders & Investors**

# 1. Current State Analysis

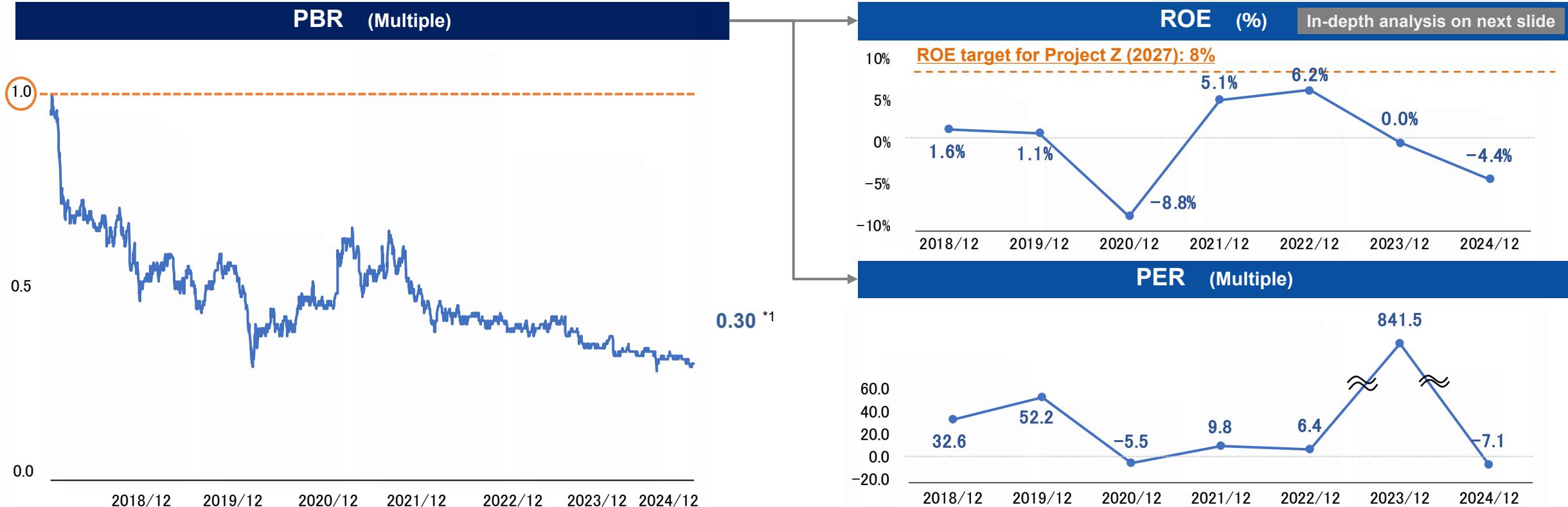
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# Current State Analysis: Change in PBR, ROE & PER Over Time ISEKI

- PBR has continued to remain significantly below 1, standing low at 0.30 as of December 31, 2024
- Regarding changes over time in ROE and PER, the components of PBR, ROE have remained below the target of 8%, and PER is below a multiple of 10. Capital profitability has not exceeded investors' expected cost of equity, and we are not adequately evaluated by investors

\* Based on interviews conducted for the current state analysis and evaluation, it was found institutional investors, with whom we are in regular contact, perceive our cost of equity to be approximately 8%

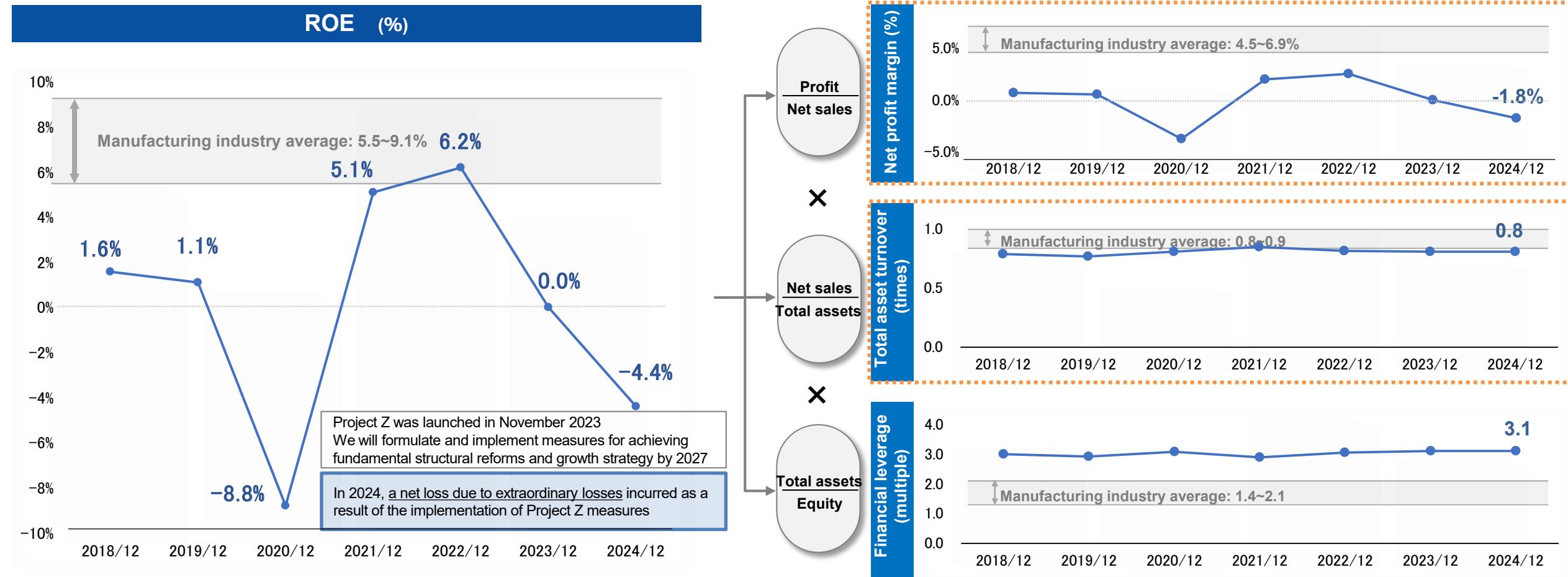
$$\text{PBR} = \text{ROE} \times \text{PER}$$



\*1: As of December 31, 2024

# Current State Analysis: ROE Analysis

- Factors identified as holding ROE down are our low net profit margin and total asset turnover. Product-specific profit margins and SG&A ratio are factors affecting the net profit margin. Inventories, capacity utilization rates, and other factors are affecting total asset turnover. In 2024, the net profit margin deteriorated due to extraordinary losses incurred as a result of the implementation of structural reform measures.

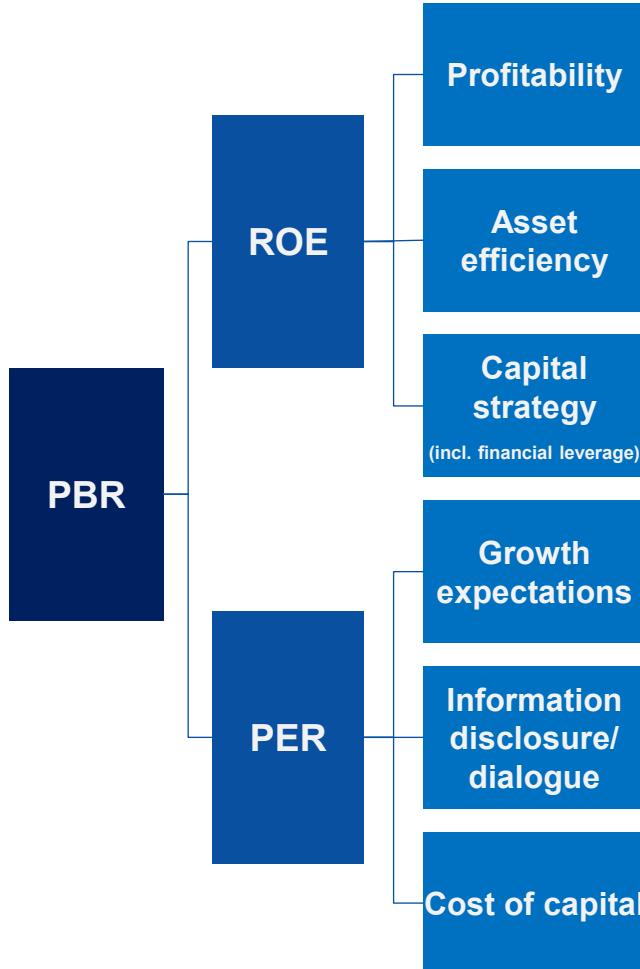


(Note) Manufacturing industry average represents a range of values from FY2017 to FY2022.

# Current State Analysis: Summary

- PBR components were broken down, and factors contributing to the low level were arranged through analysis using “comparisons over time with other companies in same industry,” “opinions gathered from investors the company is engaged with,” and other methods for each of the components.

## Current state analysis perspective



## Key analysis results

- |  |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The profit margin/operating margin is lower than other companies and the level has not lived up to investors' expectations.</li> <li>The gross profit margin exceeds the industry average, but the SGA ratio is higher compared to competitors.</li> <li>Capital profitability has not risen to exceed investors' expected cost of equity.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Limited progress has been made on sales and profits despite the higher allocation of operating cash flow to investments compared to other companies, so the fixed asset turnover has been low.</li> <li>The turnover period for inventories has been longer than other companies.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Along with both sales and profits, the growth rate has trended lower than other companies.</li> <li>The proportion of overseas sales lags behind other companies.</li> <li>The payout ratio and other shareholder returns trend lower than other companies.</li> <li>The debt repayment periods are long, necessitating attention to financial soundness.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insufficient disclosure of profitability differences and strengths between domestic and overseas.</li> <li>Insufficient disclosure of action targets for achieving management goals.</li> <li>The disparity between projections and actual performance is considerable, reducing the credibility of projections.</li> <li>Governance needs to be strengthened.</li> </ul> |
|--|---|---|--|

## Direction for improvement

**Improve profitability**

**Enhance asset efficiency**

**Allocate cash for growth**

**Reinforce IR activities & ESG initiatives**

## 2. Striving to Improve PBR

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# Striving to Improve PBR: Direction for Improvement and the Progress of Initiatives (Summary)

Our vision

2027

- ✓ Consolidated operating margin : 5% or higher (Record-high operating income\*)
- ✓ ROE : 8% or higher
- ✓ DOE : 2% or higher

PBR of  
1 or higher

<Direction for improvement and the progress of initiatives> \*The highest operating income ever recorded: 7.4 billion yen for the fiscal year ended in March 31, 2014  
\* For the progress of each measure, see "Progress of Project Z," released on February 14, 2025

## (1) Improve profitability

### ■ Improve gross profit margin

- Fundamental structural reforms: "Optimization of production" and "Intensification of domestic sales" have progressed as planned.
- "Optimization of development" has experienced some delays in terms of profit margin improvement, but improvement of development efficiency progressed as planned.
- Growth strategy: Initiatives have been progressing as planned both in Japan and overseas

### ■ Improve SG&A ratio

- Optimize employee composition: The number of applicants for voluntary retirement was below plan, but the expected personnel cost level was secured
- Cost reduction: There is a delay in some areas. We intend to make it up with a thorough review of operations

## (2) Enhance asset efficiency

- Improve fixed asset turnover: Curbed investment in reorganization of production sites (from 46.0 billion yen to 38.0 billion yen)  
Hurdle rates used as the basis for investment decisions were reviewed

## (3) Allocate cash for growth

- Improve inventory turnover: Turnover increased by 0.2 times in 2024 due to efforts to minimize stock of seasonal products and reduce inventory (-5.9 billion yen)

- Operating cash flow returned to positive due to inventory reduction

- Initiatives to expand and advance dialogue and information disclosure progressed as planned
- Initiatives to strengthen governance structure progressed as planned

## (4) Enhance IR activities & ESG initiatives

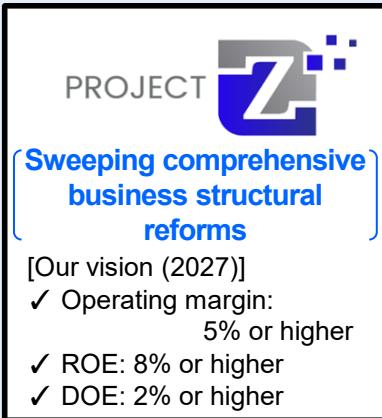
# (1) Profitability Improvement

- Improve profitability by implementing fundamental structural reforms (short-term focused measures) and pursuing a growth strategy

\*For the progress of each measure, see P9 of the "Progress of Project Z" (PJZ material) released on February 14, 2025

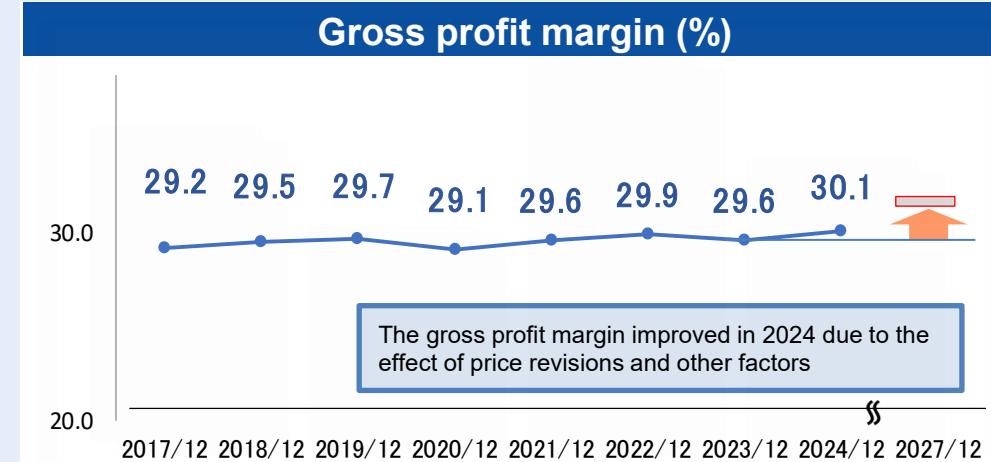
**ISEKI**

PJZ material  
P9



## ✓ Improve gross profit margin

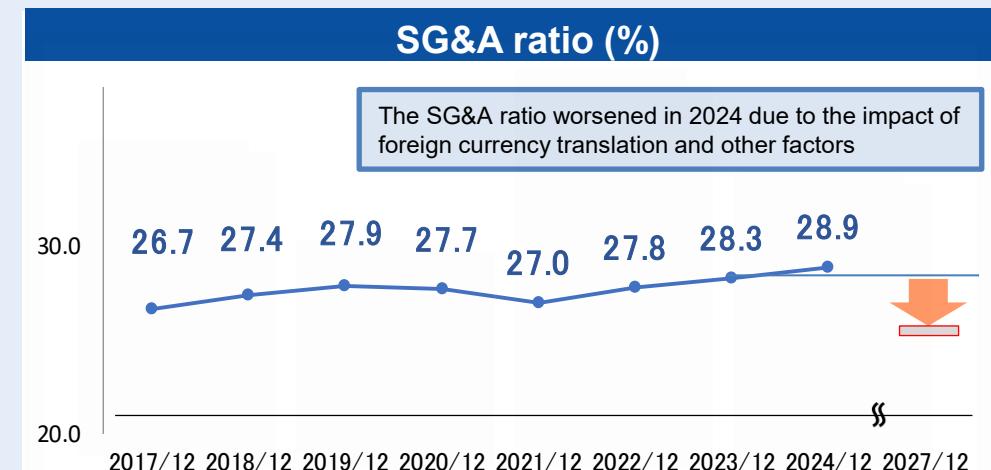
- Improve product profit margins
    - Improve productivity by optimizing production
    - Reduce product variable costs by 10% or more
  - Focus management resources on growth segments
    - Expand profitable businesses
- \* 2027 (compared to 2023): +1.5 to +2.0%



## ✓ Improve SG&A ratio

- Optimize employee composition
  - Streamline non-operating departments
  - Solicited applications for voluntary retirement in 2024
- Cost reduction
  - Improve operational efficiency by integrating organizations and operations

\*2027 (compared to 2023): (2.5) to (3.0)%



# (1) Profitability Improvement [Project Z Measures and Their Progress]



- Among the fundamental structural reforms to be implemented through intensive short-term efforts, major measures such as the reorganization of production sites and the integration of sales companies have generally progressed as planned
- To realize our growth strategies, we took measures to expand our European business overseas and reorganized our sales companies in Japan

## <Project Z measures and their progress>

\*For the progress of each measure, see "Progress of Project Z" (PJZ material) released on February 14, 2025

Project Z measures

✓ Implement short-term focused measures

- Management integration of manufacturing companies (Matsuyama and Kumamoto) and establishment of ISEKI M&D (July 2024)
- Reorganization of production sites: Consolidation of production assembly progressed as planned
- Improvement of product profit margins is lagging in some areas, but the shortfall will be recovered by deploying more resources
- Improvement will be seen gradually from the second half of 2025, and we aim to achieve the improvement targets in 2027
- Improvement of development efficiency progressed as planned

PJZ material  
P12, 24-26

✓ Pursue a growth strategy

Concentrate management resources

- Optimization of employee composition: The number of applicants for voluntary retirement was below plan, but the expected personnel cost level was secured
- Cost reduction: Cost-cutting initiatives are behind schedule. We intend to make up for lost time with a thorough review of operations and concrete improvements

P13

- Overseas: Development of strategies specific to each region: Completed the consolidation process of our local distributor in the UK as a consolidated subsidiary (January 2025)

P15-18

- Domestic: Large, cutting-edge, environment, dry fields: Establishment of Large-scale Planning Section (January 2025)

✓ Upgrade revenue management to narrow down focus areas

- Business portfolio

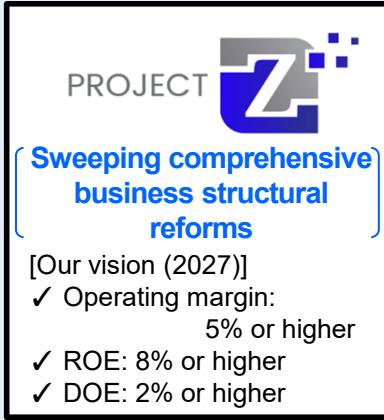
Disclosure of the results and targets of profitability by region  
(February 2025)

P10

## (2) Asset Efficiency Enhancement

ISEKI

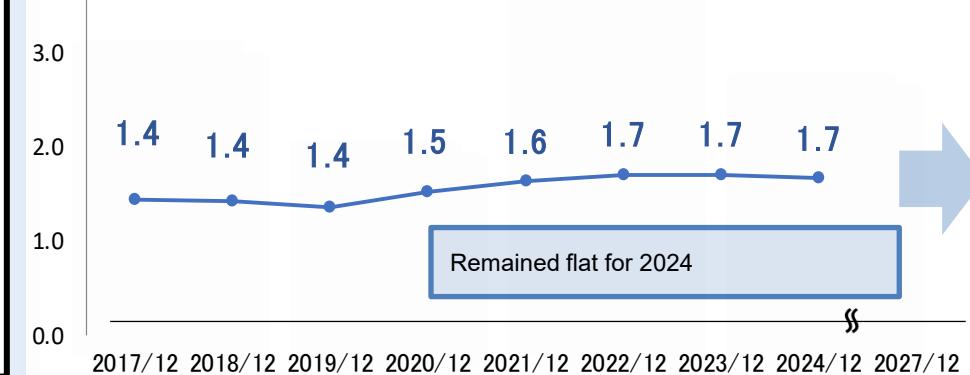
- We will enhance asset efficiency through inventory reduction and investment decisions based on hurdle rates



### ✓ Improve fixed asset turnover

- Make investment decisions based on hurdle rates
    - Hurdle rate = Cost of capital + margin
    - Asset management to be revised annually
  - Reorganize business units and reassess production lines
- \* Estimated to remain flat in 2027 due to growth investment

Fixed asset turnover (times)

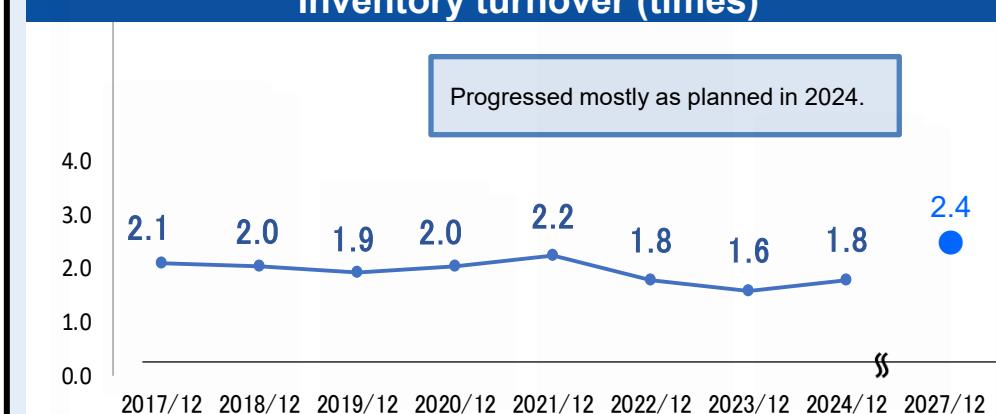
PJZ material  
P19

### ✓ Improve inventory turnover

- Reassess distribution and procurement strategies
  - Established SCM Promotion Section\* (December 2024) to accelerate efforts to improve inventory turnover
- Consolidate production assembly, reorganize domestic sales companies, consolidate models and types, and increase shared use of components to reduce inventories

\* Improve to 2.4 ASAP (two-month reduction)

Inventory turnover (times)



## (2) Asset Efficiency Enhancement [Balance Sheet Improvement] ISEKI

### Vision for balance sheet improvement

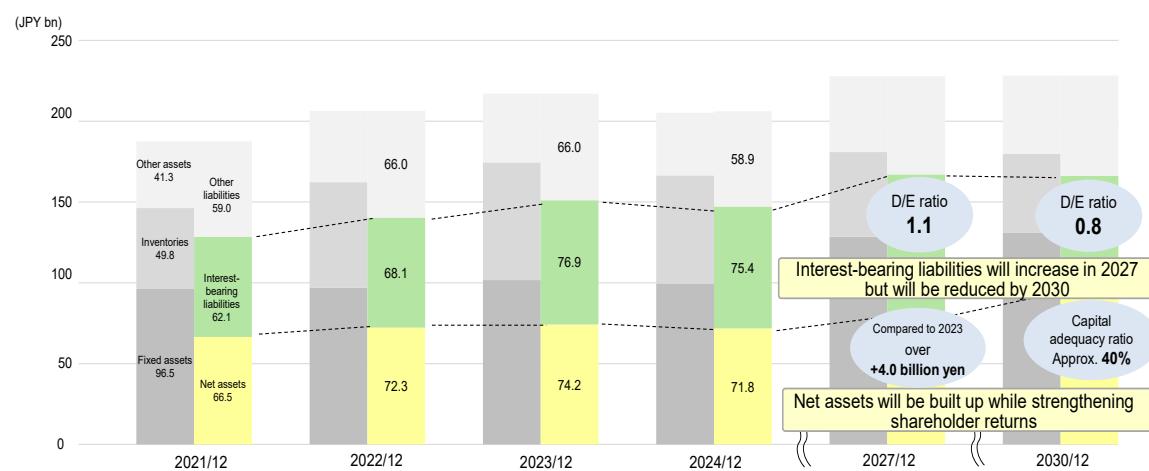
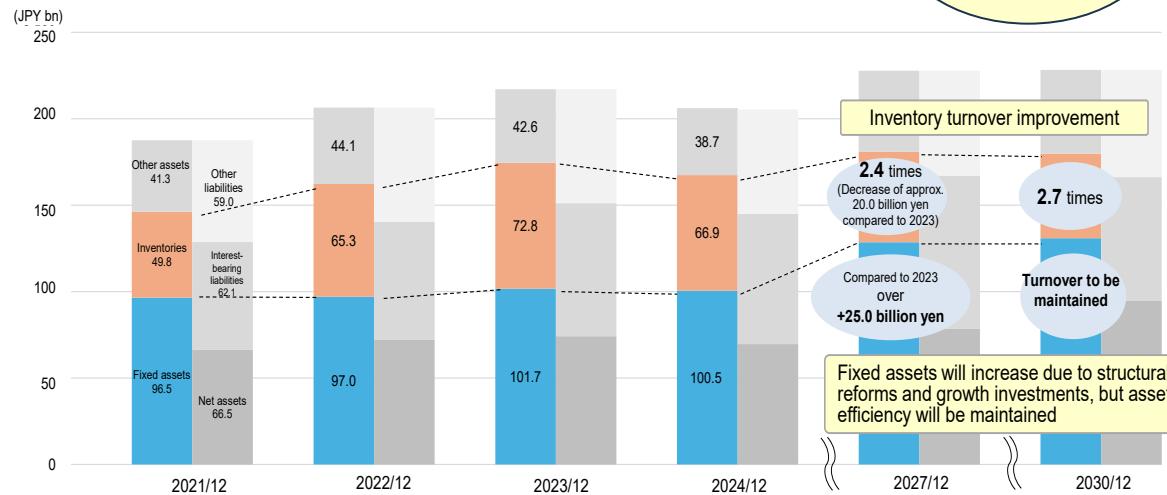
- Inventories increased significantly in 2023. We will reduce them by reassessing distribution and procurement strategies and through the effects of reorganization of business units, etc.
- Fixed assets increased due to investments in Project Z but will shift to assets with higher utilization rates by satisfying hurdle rates. Surplus assets resulting from structural reforms will be reduced through their sales

**Inventory turnover:** 2.4 times for 2027  
2.7 times for 2030

- Interest-bearing liabilities will increase through 2027 due to increased capital expenditures but will be reduced moving forward to 2030
- Net assets will be built up while strengthening shareholder returns

**D/E ratio:** 1.1 for 2027  
0.8 for 2030

#### Changes in balance sheet



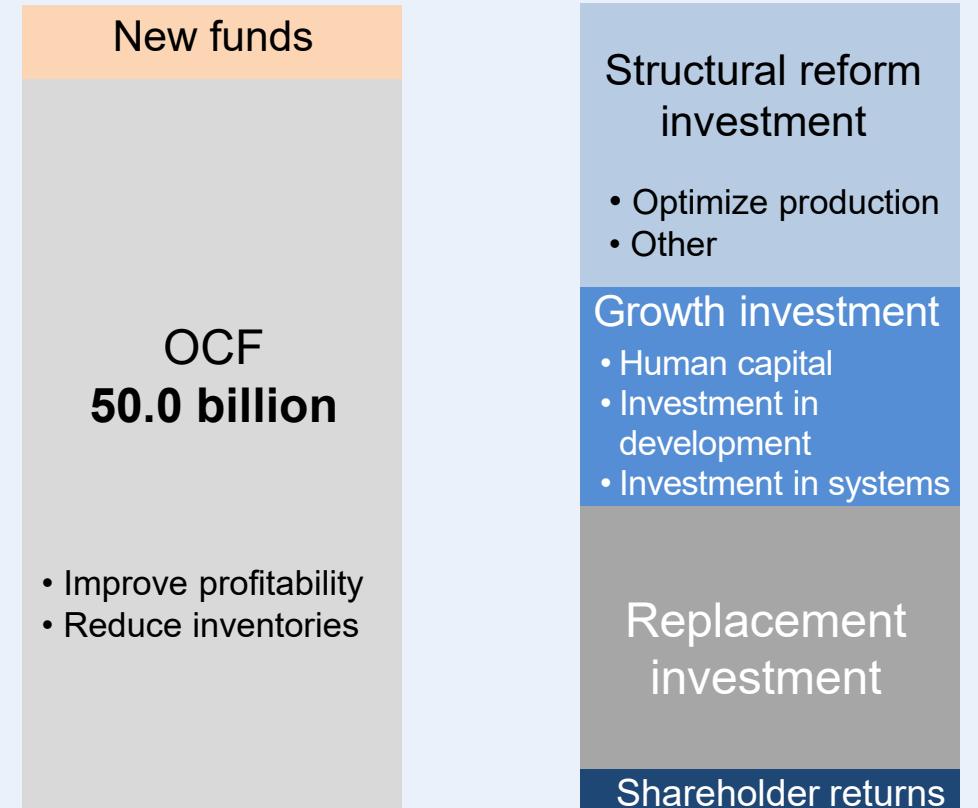
PJZ material  
P20-21

## (3) Cash Allocation for Growth

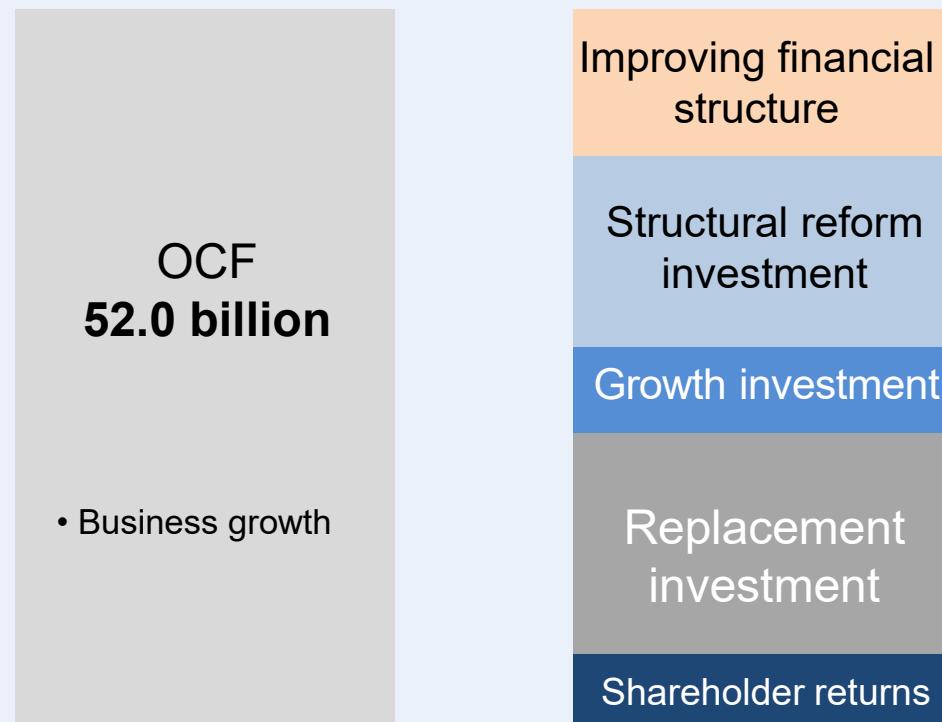
- Generate operating cash flows through improved profitability and enhanced asset efficiency
- By 2027, implement fundamental structural reforms and growth investment, with shareholder returns of DOE 2% or higher
- From 2028, improve shareholder returns from operating cash flow and reduce interest-bearing liabilities

PJZ material  
P22

### ■ 2024 ~ 2027 (4-year cumulative total)



### ■ 2028 ~ 2030 (3-year cumulative total)



# (4) Enhancement of IR Activities & ESG Initiatives (PER Improvement)



- We will improve PER by enhancing and strengthening activities to promote better understanding of our growth strategy and reduce the cost of capital

## IR Activities

- ✓ **Expand and advance dialogue and information disclosure**
  - Enhance disclosure of qualitative & quantitative information and enable visualization of progress
    - Disclosed profits by region in "Progress of Project Z" (February 2025)
  - Proactively initiate dialogue (individual meetings, facility tours, etc.)

## ESG Initiatives

- ✓ **Strengthen governance structure**
  - Revise directors' compensation system (FY2022~)
  - Strengthen oversight functions (diversify the Board of Directors)
    - Two female directors appointed, and total number of directors reduced (2024 and 2025)

## IR Activities & ESG Initiatives

- Enrich disclosure information**
- Upgrade revenue management (e.g. profits by region)
  - Disclose information in English, etc.

- Diversify the composition of shareholders**
- Adopt a shareholder/investor specific approach

## ESG initiatives

- Enrich dialogue**
- Presentations, tours, etc.

- Strengthen information dissemination**
- SNS, public relations, etc.

# (4) Enhancement of IR Activities & ESG Initiatives (PER Improvement)

## Initiatives by shareholders and investors: (1) individual investors, (2) domestic institutional investors, and (3) overseas institutional investors

- Individual investors: Increase awareness and build a following by strengthening information dissemination and holding briefings
- Domestic institutional investors: In addition to existing initiatives, strengthen the disclosure of information on the progress of "Project Z" measures and revenue analysis by region, etc.
- Overseas institutional investors: Strengthen information dissemination, including simultaneous disclosure in English

### Step 1: Individual investors

#### ◆ Increase awareness

- Strengthen information dissemination  
SNS, email distribution, etc.
- Hold briefings for individual investors
- Continue to hold tours for individual shareholders

### Step 2: Domestic institutional investors

#### ◆ Continue existing initiatives and strengthen disclosure

- Continue existing initiatives
- Explain the progress of Project Z in detail
- Provide a higher level of disclosure (e.g., revenue analysis by region)

### Step 3: Overseas institutional investors

#### ◆ Strengthen information dissemination

- Ensure simultaneous disclosure in English
- Collect information for the next step of implementing IR activities overseas

# Comprehensive Chart of Efforts for Achieving a PBR of 1

**ISEKI**

■ PBR analysis

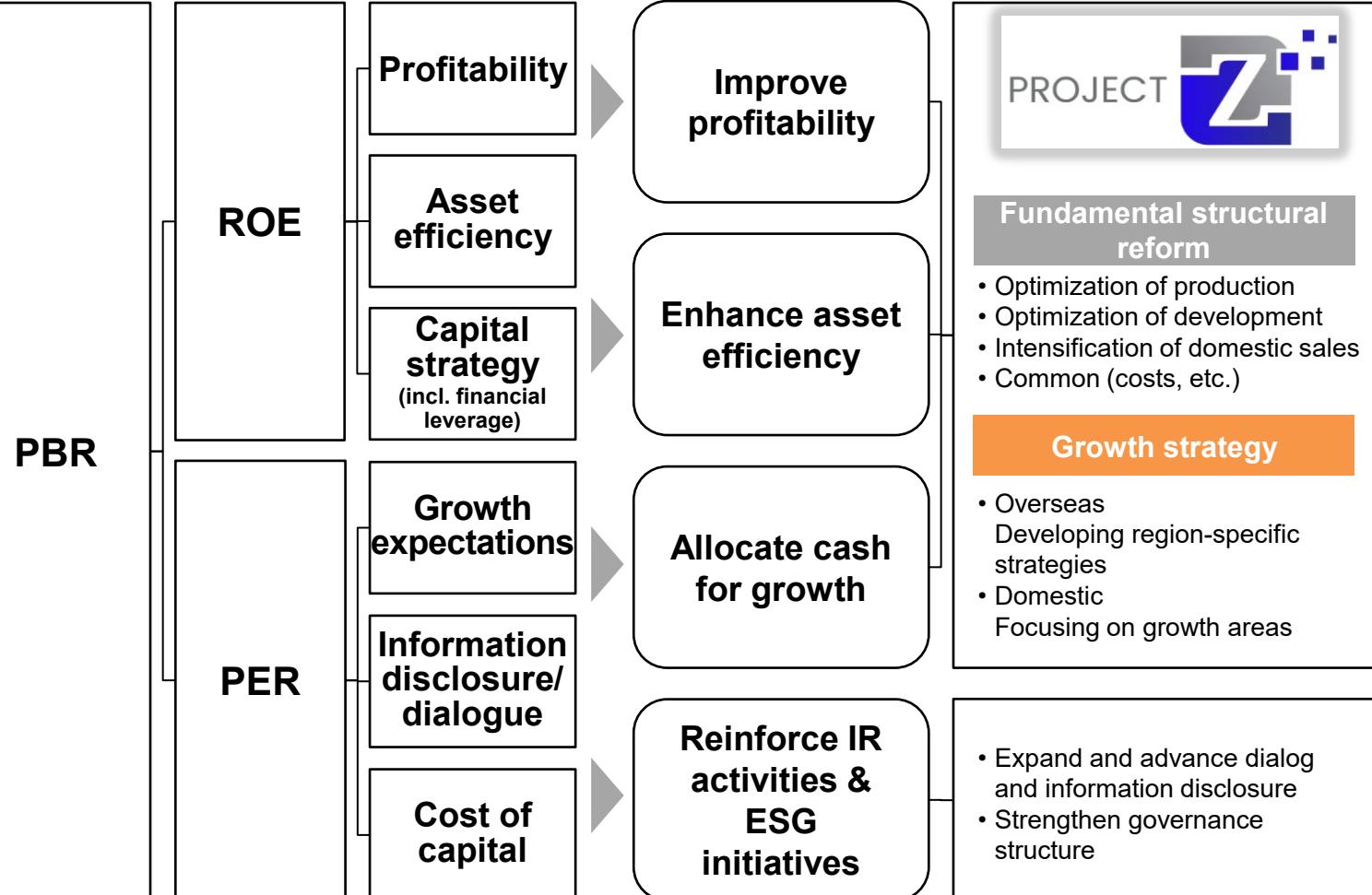
Break down PBR components and arrange the factors contributing to the low level

■ Improvement direction  
Determine it based on analysis results

■ Core themes  
Project Z measures and enhancement of IR activities and ESG initiatives

■ Implementation (KPIs setting)

Set KPIs in three steps. Incorporate "Action KPI" in these KPIs in order to ensure the implementation of measures and achieve KPIs through PDCA cycle based on monitoring



**KGI**

Consolidated operating margin: 5% or higher : 8% or higher : 2% or higher } PBR of 1 or higher

**Project Management KPI**

Most important KPIs for completion of Project Z  
[7 KPIs]

[26 KPIs]  
Ex.)  
• Consolidated net sales

**Business KPI**

Break down into key indicators that are aligned with business strategy  
[KPI]  
Ex.)

• Domestic  
• Sales volume of large agricultural machinery  
• Overseas  
• Net sales of individual companies in Europe and other

**Action KPI**

Break down into action levels

[KPI]

Ex.)  
• Domestic  
• Expansion of large-scale customers  
• Overseas  
• Expansion of sales networks and merchandise  
• Adaptation to electrification and others

**Monitoring**

Monitor the progress of measures and KPIs

- Project Z meeting: weekly
- Directors' Operation Committee meeting: monthly
- Board of Directors meeting: monthly

## 3. Dialogue with Shareholders & Investors

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# Dialogue with Shareholders & Investors (FY2024 Results)



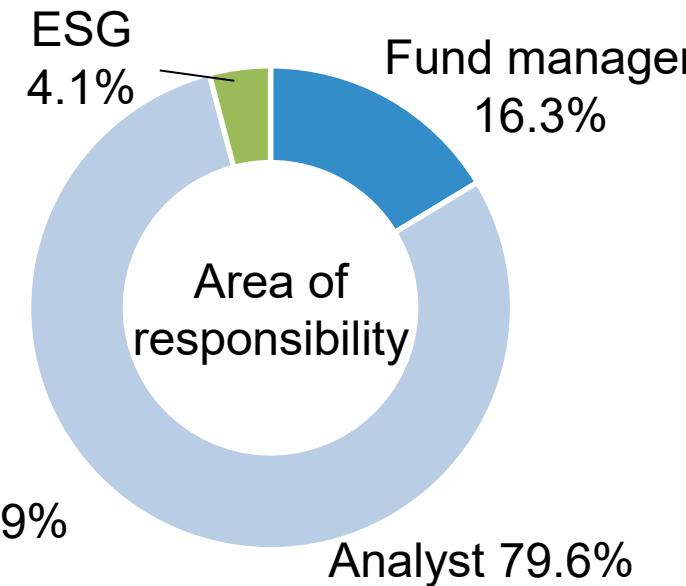
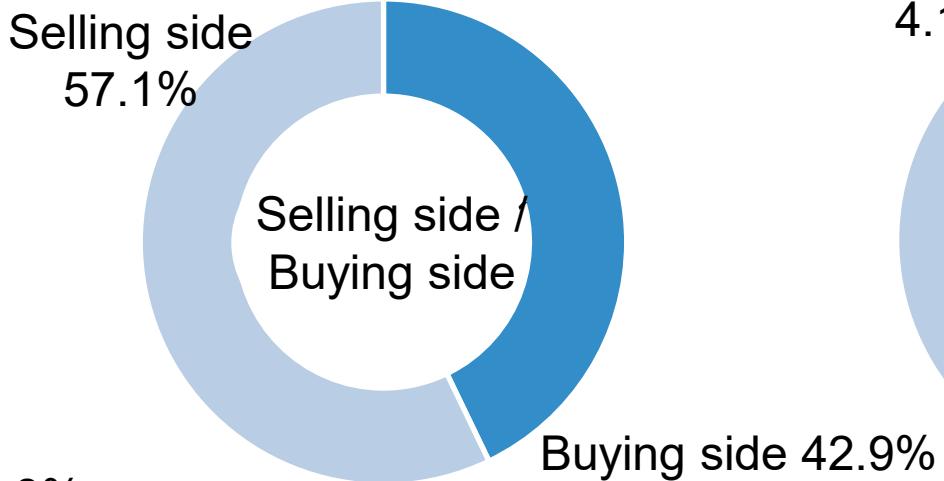
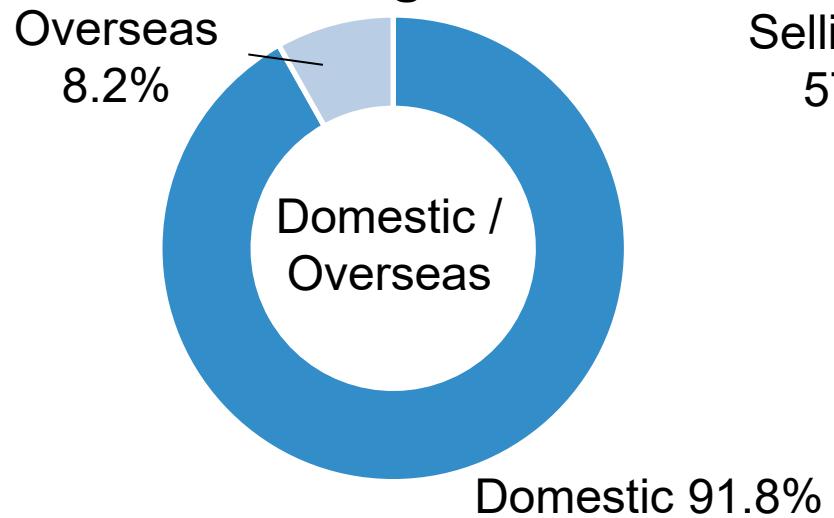
## ■ Dialogue Opportunities & ISEKI participants

Description	ISEKI participants	2024 Results	Method, etc.
Ordinary General Meetings of Shareholders	All directors and corporate auditors	1 meeting	Held in-person
Financial results briefing sessions	All executive directors	5 sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Held online or hybrid</li> <li>• Briefing materials, videos and Q&amp;A summary made available on website</li> </ul>
Individual meetings	Director in charge of investor relations, Director in charge of finance, General Manager of Public & Investor Relations Section, General Manager of Financial Dept.	37 meetings (Target for 2025: 50 meetings)	Online or in-person dialogue
Business briefings	President and Representative Director, Director in charge of investor relations, etc.	1 briefing	Held in hybrid
Facility tours & new product launches	President and Representative Director, Director in charge of investor relations, etc.	2 events	Held in-person
Facility tours for individual shareholders	President and Representative Director, Director in charge of general affairs, etc.	1 tour	Held in-person
Inquiry responses	IR Section, General Affairs Dept.	As needed	Dialogue through website, telephone, email, etc.
(Reference information) Interviews with institutional investors and securities analysts	Handled by outside contractor	5 sessions (2023 result)	Online dialogue

# Dialogue with Shareholders & Investors (FY2024 Results)

ISEKI

## ■ Attributes of Dialogue Partners



## ■ Principal Topics & Concerns

### Performance Management strategy

- ISEKI Group's strengths
- Business demand trends
- Project Z measures and their progress
- Management conscious of cost and efficiency of capital
- Business portfolio-related management systems

### ESG

### Share price & shareholder return

- Status of climate change response
- Status of human capital-related initiatives
- Directors' compensation system
- Stock price & PBR challenges and responses
- Direction of shareholder returns

# Dialogue with Shareholders & Investors (FY2024 Results)



## ■ Feedback Provided to Management

- ✓ Public & Investor Relations Section provides reports and feedback
  - Opinions, interests, concerns, and other comments provided by shareholders and investors during dialogues are reported to management in a timely manner according to the context
  - Feedback about our businesses is provided to the relevant business units as appropriate, which is then reflected in business activities to make improvements

Description	Reporting method	Frequency	Target
Individual meetings with investors and analysts	Written reports detailing meeting summaries	Each occasion	All directors
Opinions, requests, etc. from shareholders and investors	Reports detailing meeting summaries, stock performance, etc. discussed at public relations liaison meetings	Monthly	Members of Directors' Operation Committee
Share performance metrics & stock price information	Reports detailing meeting summaries, stock performance, etc. discussed at Board of Directors meetings	Quarterly	Members of Board of Directors
IR activity reports	Reports detailing topics of high concern to shareholders and investors as well as opinions voiced at high-level meetings	Monthly	President and Representative Director, Director in charge of investor relations
Other reports (related to shareholders and investors)	As necessary, reports detailing shareholder structure, stockholdings and other trends pertaining to institutional investors and others	Each occasion	Members of Directors' Operation Committee and others

## ■ Example of Comments Incorporated from Dialogue

Opinions, request, etc.	Our response
Disclosure of revenue status by region	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clearly indicated revenue status by region in the Project Z material released in February 2025</li> </ul>
Strengthen dissemination of IR information via SNS, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Posted videos of financial results briefings and disseminated information on existing SNS, etc.</li> <li>• Enhanced opportunities for dialogue through disclosure media such as email distribution services and individual investor briefings from 2025</li> </ul>

# Notes on the Future Forecast

- The objective of this presentation document is to provide information and never intends to induce any action.
- The document was created by ISEKI with currently available information, and it involves potential risks and uncertainties. The forecast may not be consistent with actual results depending on fluctuation of the economic situation and market trends.
- In using this information, investors are expected to depend on their own judgment. ISEKI is not liable for any losses incurred by investment decision made utilizing the business forecast or targets given in this document.
- These documents have been translated for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between these translated documents and their Japanese originals, the originals shall prevail.

